



Name: _____

Date: _____

Early Civilization, Worksheet - 1

Choose the correct answer -

1. What geographic feature is common in Mesoamerica?

- a. jungles
- b. mountains
- c. rivers
- d. volcanoes

2. What geographic feature is common in the South American Andes region?

- a. jungles
- b. mountains
- c. rivers
- d. volcanoes

3. Which civilization was not located in South America?

- a. the Chavin
- b. the Olmec
- c. the Moche
- d. the Nazca

4. Which crops developed in the Andes region?

- a. barley
- b. potatoes
- c. maize, squash, and beans
- d. rice

5. Which civilization was located in Mesoamerica?

- a. the Chavin
- b. the Nazca
- c. the Moche
- d. the Maya

6. Which crops developed in Mesoamerica?

- a. barley
- b. potatoes
- c. maize, squash, and beans
- d. rice



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Early Civilization, Worksheet - 2

Answer the following fill in the blank questions using the word boxes below. Words cannot be used more than once.

Mesopotamia	Persians
Monotheism	City-states
Sumer	Hieroglyphics
Nomads	Theocracy
Cuneiform	Ziggurat
Neolithic Revolution	Empire
Royal Road	Pharaoh
Rivers	Thutmose III
Scribes	Family
Pyramids	Fertile Crescent
Mountains	The Great Wall of China

1. Most early civilizations form near what geographical feature?
2. The cities of Uruk, Kish and Ur were a part of what larger civilization?
3. The _____ changed how mankind lived because it allowed humans to grow their own food.
4. The _____ empire ruled and governed their conquered people with tolerance towards customs and religions after they conquered the whole of Mesopotamia.
5. In what region were the first city-based civilizations formed?
6. A _____ is a city and its surrounding lands functioning as an independent political unit.
7. _____ were used to keep records of such things as laws and taxes in ancient Mediterranean civilizations.
8. _____ was the greatest empire builder in Egypt that incredibly expanded the borders of Egypt during his rule.
9. A _____ is a government in which the ruler is viewed as a god, or a government controlled by religious leaders.
10. _____ have no permanent home and wander from place to place in search of food and water.
11. _____ is the name of a governmental structure of a group of many states under the control of a single ruler or ruling power.
12. _____ is the belief in one God.
13. _____ were created for use as tombs of the Pharaohs.
14. What was the name of the Sumerian writing system?
15. Mesopotamia is also known as the _____.
16. Egyptian writing system in which pictures were used to represent words and sounds.
17. The _____ opened up trade and communication within the Persian Empire.
18. Sumerian temples were called _____.
19. The _____ of Egypt was considered both a god and a king.
20. The _____ played a central role in Chinese Society.
21. _____ was a great achievement of the Qin Dynasty that protected the Chinese people from attack from the North.